STAAR TEKS Snapshot Reporting Category 1: Matter and Energy

Readiness Standards

8.5A	describe the structure of atoms, including the masses, electrical charges, and locations, of protons and neutrons in the nucleus and electrons in the electron cloud
8.5B	identify that protons determine an element's identity and valence electrons determine its chemical properties, including reactivity
8.5C	interpret the arrangement of the Periodic Table, including groups and periods, to explain how properties are used to classify elements
8.5D	recognize that chemical formulas are used to identify substances and determine the number of atoms of each element in chemical formulas containing subscripts
8.5E	investigate how evidence of chemical reactions indicates that new substances with different properties are formed and how that relates to the law of conservation of mass

Supporting Standards

- 6.6A compare metals, nonmetals, and metalloids using physical properties such as luster, conductivity, or malleability
- 6.6B calculate density to identify an unknown substance
- 7.5B diagram the flow of energy through living systems, including food chains, food webs, and energy pyramids
- 7.6A distinguish between physical and chemical changes in matter

STAAR TEKS Snapshot Reporting Category 2: Force, Motion, and Energy

Readiness Standards

8.6A	demonstrate and calculate how unbalanced forces change the speed or direction of an object's motion
8.6C	investigate and describe applications of Newton's three laws of motion such as in vehicle restraints, sports activities, amusement park rides, Earth's tectonic activities, and rocket launches

Supporting Standards	
6.8A	compare and contrast potential and kinetic energy
6.8C	calculate average speed using distance and time measurements
6.8D	measure and graph changes in motion
6.9C	demonstrate energy transformations such as energy in a flashlight battery changes from chemical energy to electrical energy to light energy
8.6B	differentiate between speed, velocity, and acceleration

STAAR TEKS Snapshot Reporting Category 3: Earth and Space

Readiness Standards

8.7A	model and illustrate how the tilted Earth rotates on its axis, causing day and night, and revolves around the Sun causing changes in seasons
8.7B	demonstrate and predict the sequence of events in the lunar cycle
8.8A	describe components of the universe, including stars, nebulae, and galaxies, and use models such as the Hertzsprung-Russell diagram for classification
8.9B	relate plate tectonics to the formation of crustal features
8.9C	interpret topographic maps and satellite views to identify land and erosional features and predict how these features may be reshaped by weathering

Supporting Standards	
6.11B	understand that gravity is the force that governs the motion of our solar system
7.8C	model the effects of human activity on groundwater and surface water in a watershed
8.7C	relate the positions of the Moon and Sun to their effect on ocean tides
8.8B	recognize that the Sun is a medium-sized star located in a spiral arm of the Milky Way galaxy and that the Sun is many thousands of times closer to Earth than any other star
8.8C	identify how different wavelengths of the electromagnetic spectrum such as visible light and radio waves are used to gain information about components in the universe
8.9A	describe the historical development of evidence that supports plate tectonic th eory
8.10A	recognize that the Sun provides the energy that drives convection within the atmosphere and oceans, producing winds
8.10B	identify how global patterns of atmospheric movement influence local weather using weather maps that show high and low pressures and fronts
8.10C	identify the role of the oceans in the formation of weather systems such as hurricanes

STAAR TEKS Snapshot Reporting Category 4: Organisms and Environments

Readiness Standards

	8.11A	investigate how organisms and populations in an ecosystem depend on and may compete for biotic factors such as food and abiotic factors such as quantity of light, water, range of temperatures, or soil composition
	8.11B	explore how short and long-term environmental changes affect organisms and traits in subsequent populations

Supporting Standards

Supporting Standards	
6.12D	identify the basic characteristics of organisms, including prokaryotic or eukaryotic, unicellular or multicellular, autotrophic or heterotrophic, and mod of reproduction, that further classify them in the currently recognized kingdoms
7.10B	describe how biodiversity contributes to the sustainability of an ecosystem
7.10C	observe, record, and describe the role of ecological succession such as in a microhabitat of a garden with weeds
7.11A	examine organisms or their structures such as insects or leaves and use dichotomous keys for identification
7.11C	identify some changes in genetic traits that have occurred over several generations through natural selection and selective breeding such as the Galapagos Medium Ground Finch (Geospiza fortis) or domestic animals and hybrid plants
7.12B	identify the main functions of the systems of the human organism, including the circulatory, respiratory, skeletal, muscular, digestive, excretory, reproductive, integumentary, nervous, and endocrine systems
7.12D	differentiate between structure and function in plant and animal cell organelles, including cell membrane, cell wall, nucleus, cytoplasm, mitochondrion, chloroplast, and vacuole
7.12F	recognize the components of cell theory
7.14B	compare the results of uniform or diverse offspring from asexual or sexual reproduction
7.14C	recognize that inherited traits of individuals are governed in the genetic material found in the genes within chromosomes in the nucleus
8.11C	recognize human dependence on ocean systems and explain how human activities such as runoff, artificial reefs, or use of resources have modified these systems

STAAR TEKS Snapshot

Process Standards: \geq 40% of questions will be dual-coded

Tools and Equipment

8.1A	demonstrate safe practices during laboratory and field investigations as outlined in Texas Education Agency-approved safety standards
8.1B	practice appropriate use and conservation of resources, including disposal, reuse, or recycling of materials
8.2A	plan and implement comparative and descriptive investigations by making observations, asking well defined questions, and using appropriate equipment and technology
8.2B	design and implement experimental investigations by making observations, as king well defined questions, formulating testable hypotheses, and using appropriate equipment and technology
8.4A	use appropriate tools, including lab journals/notebooks, beakers, meter sticks, graduated cylinders, anemometers, psychrometers, hot plates, test tubes, spring scales, balances, microscopes, thermometers, calculators, computers, spectroscopes, timing devices, and other necessary equipment to collect, record, and analyze information
8.4B	use preventative safety equipment, including chemical splash goggles, aprons, and gloves, and be prepared to use emergency safety equipment, including an eye/face wash, a fire blanket, and a fire extinguisher

Ways to Demonstrate	
8.2C	collect and record data using the International System of Units (SI) and qualitative means such as labeled drawings, writing, and graphic organizers
8.2D	construct tables and graphs, using repeated trials and means, to organize data and identify patterns
8.2E	analyze data to formulate reasonable explanations, communicate valid conclusions supported by the data, and predict trends
8.3A	analyze, evaluate, and critique scientific explanations by using empirical evidence, logical reasoning, and experimental and observational testing, so as to encourage critical thinking by the student
8.3B	use models to represent aspects of the natural world such as an atom, a molecule, space, or a geologic feature
8.3C	identify advantages and limitations of models such as size, scale, properties, and materials
8.3D	relate the impact of research on scientific thought and society, including the history of science and contributions of scientists as related to the content